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Question of Cyprus

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Fifty-sixth year

Letter dated 14 November 2001 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith a letter dated 14 November 2001, addressed to you by His Excellency Mr. Aytuğ Plümer, Representative of the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus (see annex), which contains in its enclosure the letter dated 12 November 2001, also addressed to you, by His Excellency Mr. Rauf R. Denktaş, President of the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus.

I should be grateful if the text of the present letter and its annex would be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda item 62, and of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Ümit **Pamir**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

01-63833 (E) 161101

Annex to the letter dated 14 November 2001 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to convey herewith a copy of the letter dated 12 November 2001 addressed to you by His Excellency Mr. Rauf R. Denktaş, President of the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus, concerning your good offices mission (see appendix).

I should be grateful if the present letter and its enclosures could be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda item 62, and of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Aytuğ Plümer
Representative
Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus

Appendix

Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus

President's Office

12 November 2001

I am enclosing the paper titled "Objectives and basic parameters of a Cyprus settlement", which formed the basis of our position in our meeting of 28 August 2001 in Salzburg (see attachment).

These parameters are, in fact, in line with the ideas and principles that have emerged from your good offices mission and reflect the realities of the island, as well as the objective of establishing a new partnership between the two parties of equal status in Cyprus, as set out in your statement of 12 September 2000.

I thought I should draw your attention to our continued commitment to the establishment of a new partnership in Cyprus in line with the objectives and parameters contained in the enclosed paper.

(*Signed*) Rauf R. **Denktaş**
President

Attachment

Objectives and basic parameters of a Cyprus settlement

- Two co-owner peoples and their co-founding status.
- Freely negotiated and mutually acceptable settlement. Integrated whole principle.
- Two equal and sovereign Partner States representing two distinct peoples respectively.
- Bi-zonality which has actually been brought by the 1975 Voluntary Population Exchange Agreement under the auspices of the United Nations.
- Establishment of a new partnership structure by the two Partner States.
- National, cultural, religious, linguistic, political, economic and social identity as well as integrity and security of each Partner State will be safeguarded with the settlement.
- Each party represents its own side and no one else.
- One party cannot claim jurisdiction and sovereignty over the other party.
- Each Partner State has its sovereignty and jurisdiction over its own people and territory within its constitutional order.
- The new partnership structure shall be competent in matters which are explicitly assigned to it by the Partner States.
- The new partnership will have one international personality as per the competencies assigned by the Partner States to the partnership. The external representation of the new structure will reflect the bi-national nature of the new partnership.
- Creating an environment of mutual confidence, cooperation and partnership through confidence-building measures and removal of the embargoes. Removal of the embargoes will contribute to the process.
- Refrain from any action which could impair the negotiation process.
- The comprehensive settlement will be submitted to separate referendums in both sides.
- 1960 Treaties of Guarantee and of Alliance shall remain in force.
- The comprehensive settlement following its adoption after separate referendums will serve as the founding document of the new partnership.
- Global exchange of property and/or compensation through a Joint Property Claims Commission.
- The two Partner States will respect each other's special relationship with their motherlands.
- Most-favoured-national treatment to be accorded to Turkey and Greece.
- Neither Greece nor Turkey will have a more favourable position in Cyprus than the other.

- The nationals of each Partner State will also be citizens of the new structure.
- Equal participation and rotation in all institutions of the new structure; decision-making on the basis of consensus.
- The two Partner States will retain their right to enter into agreements and relations with foreign Governments and regional or international organizations in their areas of competence.
- European Union membership will be decided as part of the comprehensive agreement and be submitted to separate referendums.
- The parties shall terminate all current or pending recourse before an international body against the other State or Greece or Turkey.

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General Assembly

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Fifty-sixth session
Agenda item 166
Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Letter dated 13 November 2001 from the Permanent Representative of Chile to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith to you a statement issued by the Human Security Network in New York on 12 November 2001 concerning the terrorist attacks in the United States (see annex). The following countries are members of the Network: Austria, Canada, Chile, Greece, Ireland, Jordan, Mali, Netherlands, Norway, Slovenia, Switzerland and Thailand.

I would be grateful if the text of the statement could be circulated as a document of the fifty-sixth session of the General Assembly, under agenda item 166.

(*Signed*) Juan Gabriel **Valdés**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

01-63970 (E) 151101

Annex to the letter dated 13 November 2001 from the Permanent Representative of Chile to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Statement issued by the Human Security Network in New York on 12 November 2001

The Human Security Network strongly condemns the brutal, cowardly acts of terrorism committed in New York, Washington, D.C., and Pennsylvania on 11 September 2001 and expresses its deepest sympathy to the people and Government of the United States, and especially to the families of the victims. These terrorist attacks are a further, horrifying indication of the pervasiveness of threats to people's safety, rights and lives. They attest to the vulnerability of individuals when faced with acts of hatred and senselessness. In this regard, the Human Security Network welcomes Security Council resolutions 1368 (2001) and 1373 (2001) and General Assembly resolution 56/1.

As the international community faces the implications of these tragic events, we must recognize that innovative international approaches are needed to address the growing sources of global insecurity, remedy its symptoms and prevent the recurrence of threats that affect the daily lives of millions of people. As a Network of countries committed to pursuing human security, we declare our firm intention to work in support of international efforts to address issues, including conflict, alienation and deprivation, currently leading to human insecurity, and pledge to actively promote and participate in an international coalition against terrorism.

We further commit ourselves to develop — in cooperation with non-governmental actors — an agenda which will enable us to apply concrete, constructive human security perspectives to public security, including those aimed at eradicating terrorism. At the same time, the Human Security Network reaffirms its commitment to promote and strengthen the existing international anti-terrorist legal framework to combat this scourge.

The Human Security Network urges the international community to cooperate to bring those responsible for these acts to justice as quickly as possible. Actions of this nature must not happen again; we pledge to continue to promote efforts to identify the perpetrators of these cruel acts as well as to facilitate discussion of human security in various multilateral forums, particularly during the fifty-sixth session of the General Assembly.